



# CONNECTED VEHICLE PILOT Deployment Program



Fundamental Privacy Concepts for  
the Connected Vehicle Deployments



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# TODAY'S AGENDA



- **Purpose of this Technical Assistance Webinar Series**

- To assist not only the three selected sites, but also other early deployers of connected vehicle technologies to conduct Concept Development activities.

- **Webinar Content**

- Connected Vehicle Pilot Deployment Program Overview
- Fundamental Privacy Concepts
- Stakeholder Q&A
- How to Stay Connected

- **Webinar Protocol**

- Please mute your phone during the entire webinar
- You are welcome to ask questions via chatbox at the Q&A Section
- The webinar will be recorded except the Q&A Section
- The webinar recording and the presentation material will be posted on the CV Pilots website within a week



# CV PILOT DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM GOALS



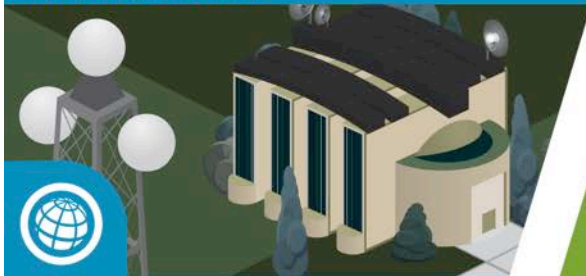
## Spur Early CV Tech Deployment



Wirelessly Connected Vehicles



Mobile Devices



Infrastructure

## Measure Deployment Benefits



Safety

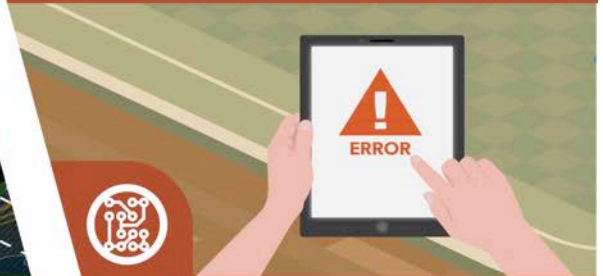


Mobility



Environment

## Resolve Deployment Issues



Technical



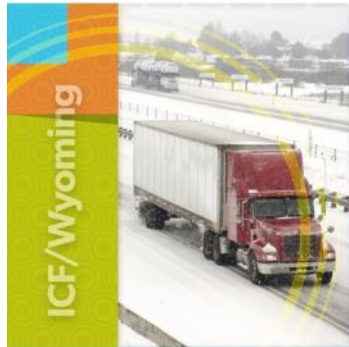
Institutional



Financial



# SITES SELECTED – 2015 AWARDS



- Reduce the number and severity of adverse weather-related incidents in the I-80 Corridor in order to improve safety and reduce incident-related delays.
- Focused on the needs of commercial vehicle operators in the State of Wyoming.

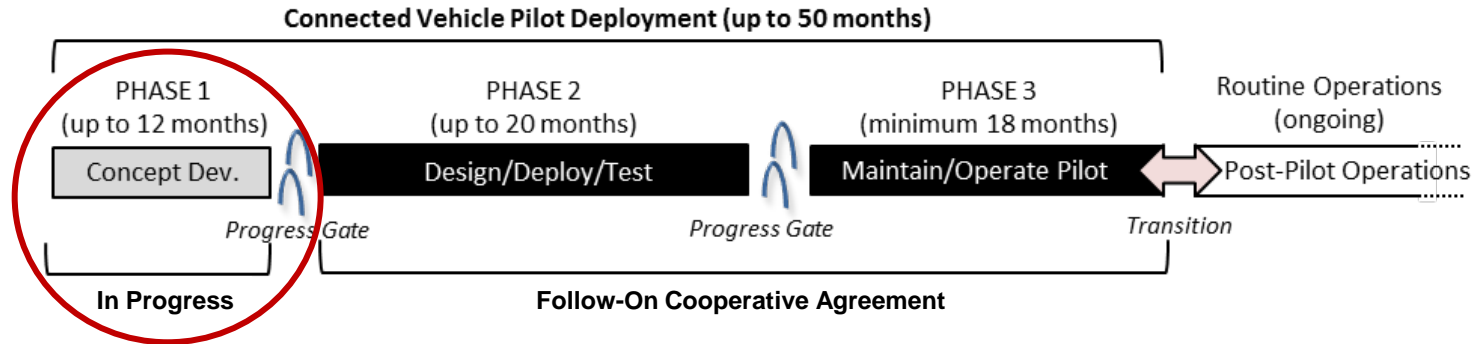


- Improve safety and mobility of travelers in New York City through connected vehicle technologies.
- Vehicle to vehicle (V2V) technology installed in up to 10,000 vehicles in Midtown Manhattan, and vehicle to infrastructure (V2I) technology installed along high-accident rate arterials in Manhattan and Central Brooklyn.



- Alleviate congestion and improve safety during morning commuting hours.
- Deploy a variety of connected vehicle technologies on and in the vicinity of reversible express lanes and three major arterials in downtown Tampa to solve the transportation challenges.

# DEPLOYMENT SCHEDULE

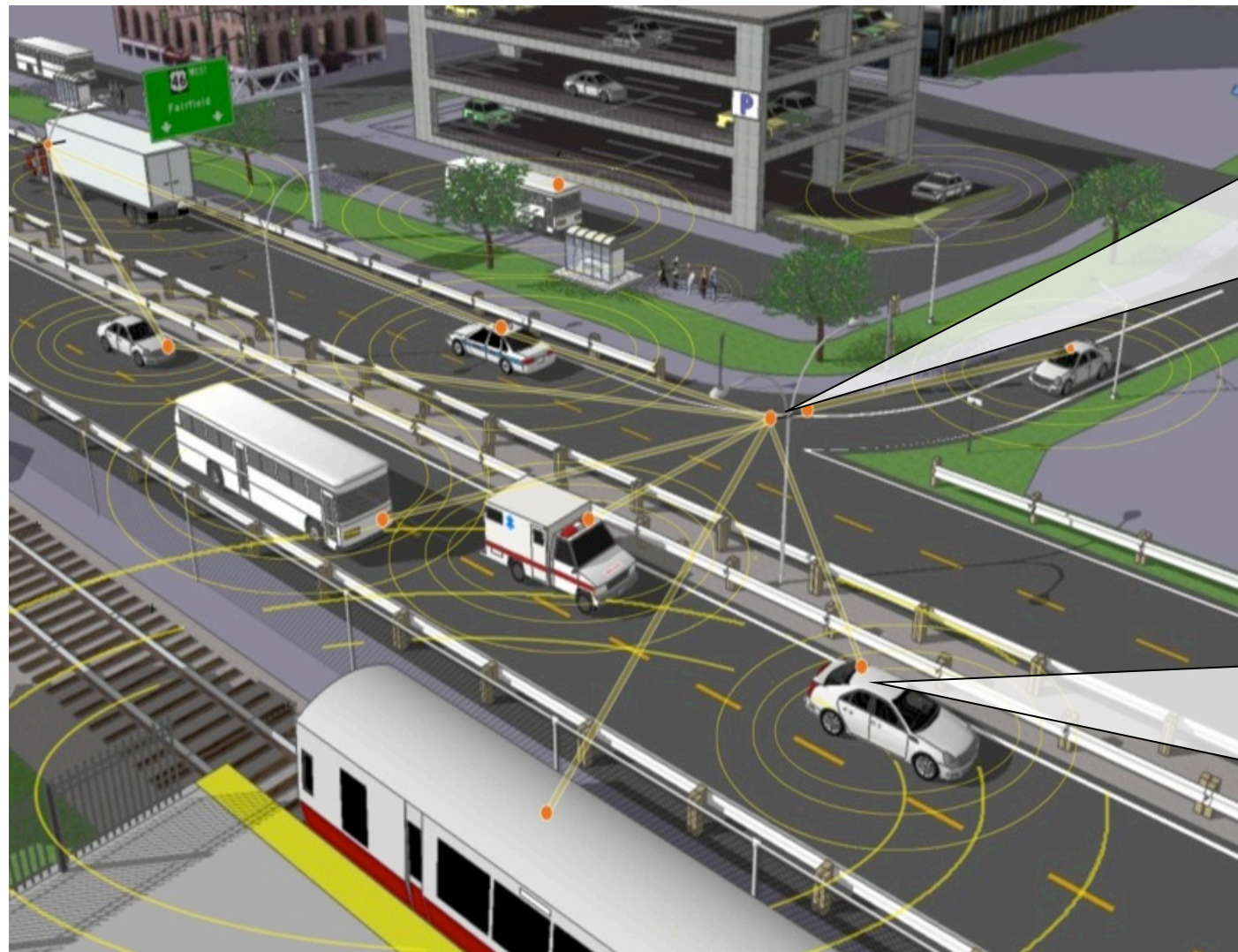


## ■ Overall Deployment Schedule

- **Phase 1: Concept Development**
    - Creates the foundational plan to enable further design and deployment
  - **Phase 2: Design/Deploy/Test**
    - Detailed design and deployment followed by testing to ensure deployment functions as intended (both technically and institutionally)
  - **Phase 3: Maintain/Operate**
    - Focus is on assessing the performance of the deployed system
  - Post Pilot Operations (CV tech integrated into operational practice)
- ## ■ Public webinars to share the concept development activities from the three sites
- Concept of Operations Webinar (February – March 2016)
  - Performance Measurement Webinar (May – June 2016)
  - Deployment Plan Webinar (August 2016)



# WHAT ARE CONNECTED VEHICLES (CV)?



## Infrastructure Data

- Traffic Signal Data
- Maneuver Assistance
- Speed Limit
- Parking Availability
- Road Weather Data

## Vehicle Data

- Position & Vector
- Speed
- Acceleration
- Steering Angle
- Brake Status
- Vehicle Size

# PROBLEMS WHERE CV CAN HELP



## Safety

33,561 highway deaths in 2012  
5,615,000 crashes in 2012  
Leading cause of death for ages 4, 11-27



## Mobility

5.5 billion hours of travel delay  
\$121 billion cost of urban congestion



## Environment

2.9 billion gallons of wasted fuel  
56 billion lbs. of additional CO<sub>2</sub>



Sources: Traffic Safety Facts: 2012 Data, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (Nov 2013)  
2011 Annual Urban Mobility Report, Texas Transportation Institute (Feb 2013)



# BASIC CV TECHNOLOGIES



## ▪ Radio

- 5.9 GHz for safety and mobility
  - Vehicle Radio – On Board Units (OBU)
  - Infrastructure Radio – Road Side Units (RSU)
- Integrated and retrofit options



## ▪ Standards

- IEEE 802.11p - Radio
- IEEE 1609.x - Authentication
- SAE J2735 - Data Vocabulary





# ROLE OF PRIVACY



- **Connected Vehicle success depends on public acceptance**
  - Show Personally Identifiable Information (PII) are protected
  - Show safety information and warning can be trusted
  
- **Improvements to Safety, Mobility, and Environmental Impact only happens when CV technologies are used**
  
- **Privacy, security, and operational choices have to be balanced**

# HOW IS PRIVACY PROTECTED?



- **Privacy is protected through the use of Security Controls**
  - Physical protection of devices
  - Technical protection of information
  - Policy guides organizational procedure and processes; for instance, access controls, policies on acceptable uses of data

# PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION



## ▪ **Non-PII**

- This data cannot be traced back to an individual. This includes time zone, traffic count information, general trends on network conditions, date and time.

## ▪ **Potential-PII**

- These data elements cannot be linked to an individual unless combined with other data sources. This includes internet cookies, IP addresses, and vehicle characteristics (size, color, and make/model)

## ▪ **Actual-PII**

- This is information that can be tracked back to an individual. Basic information includes Names, Addresses, Telephone numbers, and Vehicle Identification Numbers (VIN).

## ▪ **Locational-PII**

- This includes information that can be used to track an individual at a particular location. This includes GPS tracking information (Lat./Long.), Roadway Video Data, Video of faces, in-vehicle video.

## ▪ **Sensitive-PII**

- This data, if lost can pose a significant risk of economic or physical harm to the individual. Examples are: Medical Records, Social Security Numbers, Bank Account Numbers, and Passport Numbers.



# ANONYMITY OR PRIVACY?



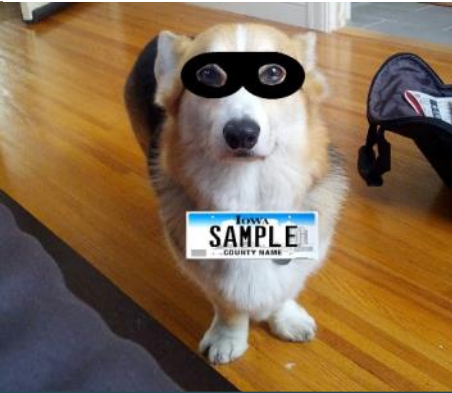


- **What is Anonymity?**

- The Quality or state of being unknown to people

- **What is Privacy?**

- The state of being away from people

		
<b>Identified</b>  <b>Not Anonymous</b>	<b>Potential Identifiable Information</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Make</li><li>• Model</li></ul> <b>Not Anonymous</b>	<b>Actual Identifiable Information</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Make</li><li>• Model</li><li>• License Plate</li></ul> <b>Not Anonymous</b>

# STANDARDS BASED APPROACH



- **NIST SP 800-53 for Federal Government**
  
- **National Association of State CIOs (NASCIO) offer State-based best practices**
  
- **FTC's Fair Information Practice Principles (FIPP)**
  - Transparency
  - Individual Participation
  - Purpose Specification
  - Data Minimization
  - Use Limitation
  - Data Quality and Integrity
  - Security
  - Accountability and Auditing



# PRIVACY POLICY AND OPERATIONS



- **Federal Policies**

- CV systems will be operated by State and Municipalities
- Limits to what Federal Privacy Protection must be adopted

- **Commercial Practices**



# REAL TIME DATA PRIVACY

- **Basic Safety Message (BSM)**
  - 38 Bytes of data
  - SCMS overhead is not included in this
- **Information used to improve Safety**
- **Information used to improve mobility**

VARIABLE	Description	Byte Count
MSGCNT	MsgCount within a stream	1
ID	Temporary ID	4
SECMARK	Dsecond (0-60999 ms)	2
LAT	Latitude (-90 to +90 in 1/10 microdegree units)	4
LONG	Longitude (-180 to +180 in 1/10 microdegree units)	4
ELEV	Elevation (-409.5 to 6143.9 meters in 10cm increments)	2
ACCURACY	Positional Accuracy (semi-minor and semi-major at 0.05m units)	4
SPEED	TransmissionAndSpeed	2
	Speed meters per second in 0.02 m/s units Transmission State (DE_TransmissionState) Neutral Park Forward Reverse Reserved (-3 states) Unavailable	0-12 bits 13-15 bits
HEADING	Heading (WSG-84 north reference at 0.0125 degree units)	2
ANGLE	Steering Wheel Angle (-189 to +189 degrees in 1.5 degree units)	1
ACCELSET	AccelerationSet4Way (long, lat, vert, yaw rate, per SAE-J670)	7
BRAKES	BrakeSystemStatus	2
	wheelBrakes	4 bits
	wheelBrakesUnavailable	1 bits
	spareBit	1 bits
	traction control state	2 bits
	antilock brake status	2 bits
	stability control status	2 bits
	brake boost applied	2 bits
	auxiliary brake status	2 bits
SIZE	VehicleSize – 1cm units	3
	VehicleWidth	10 bits
	VehicleLength (front to rear bumper)	14 bits

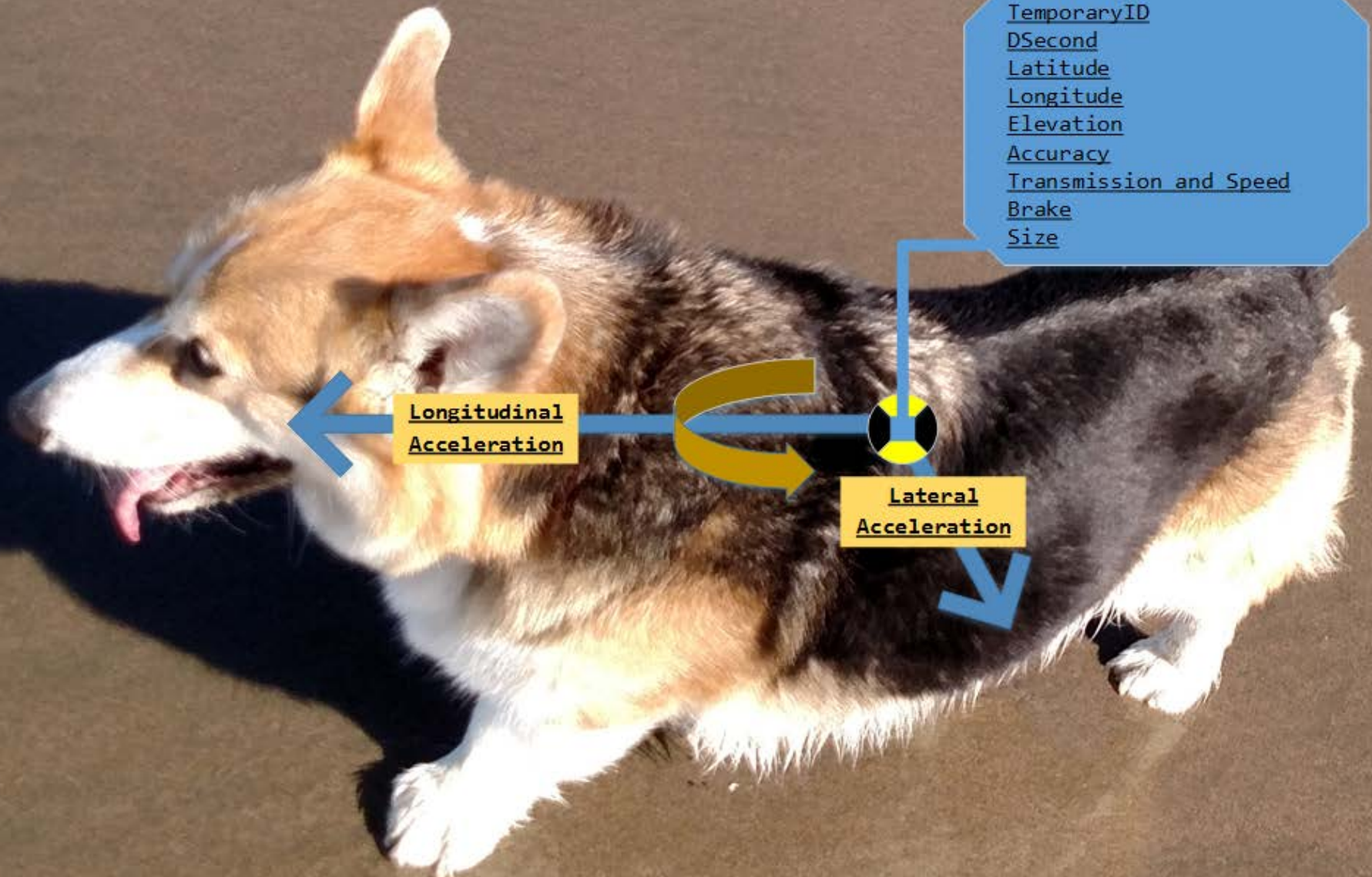
# REAL TIME DATA PROTECTION



- **Identification and authentication using secured credentials**
  - Very short live span credentials
  - Used in a randomized manner
- **Structural protection of Credential Management Authorities**
  - Structured to obfuscate requests for credentials
  - Divide stored data at an institutional level to ensure that no one database is comprehensive
- **In a CV environment, data does not contain PII.**
- **Institutional authorities are designed to obfuscate possible PII correlation and provides structural resiliency.**



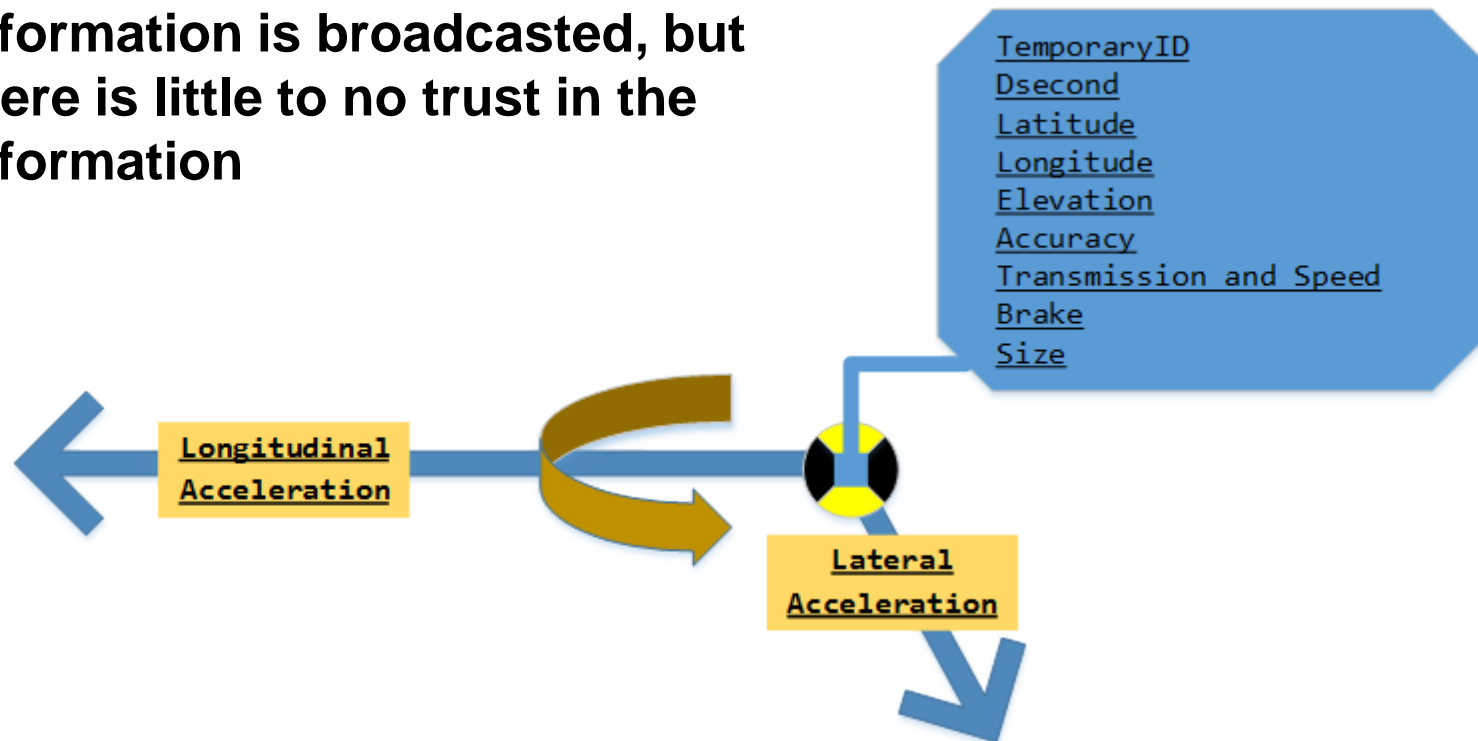
# EXAMPLE OF CV PRIVACY



# BSM ONLY – TRUST ISSUES



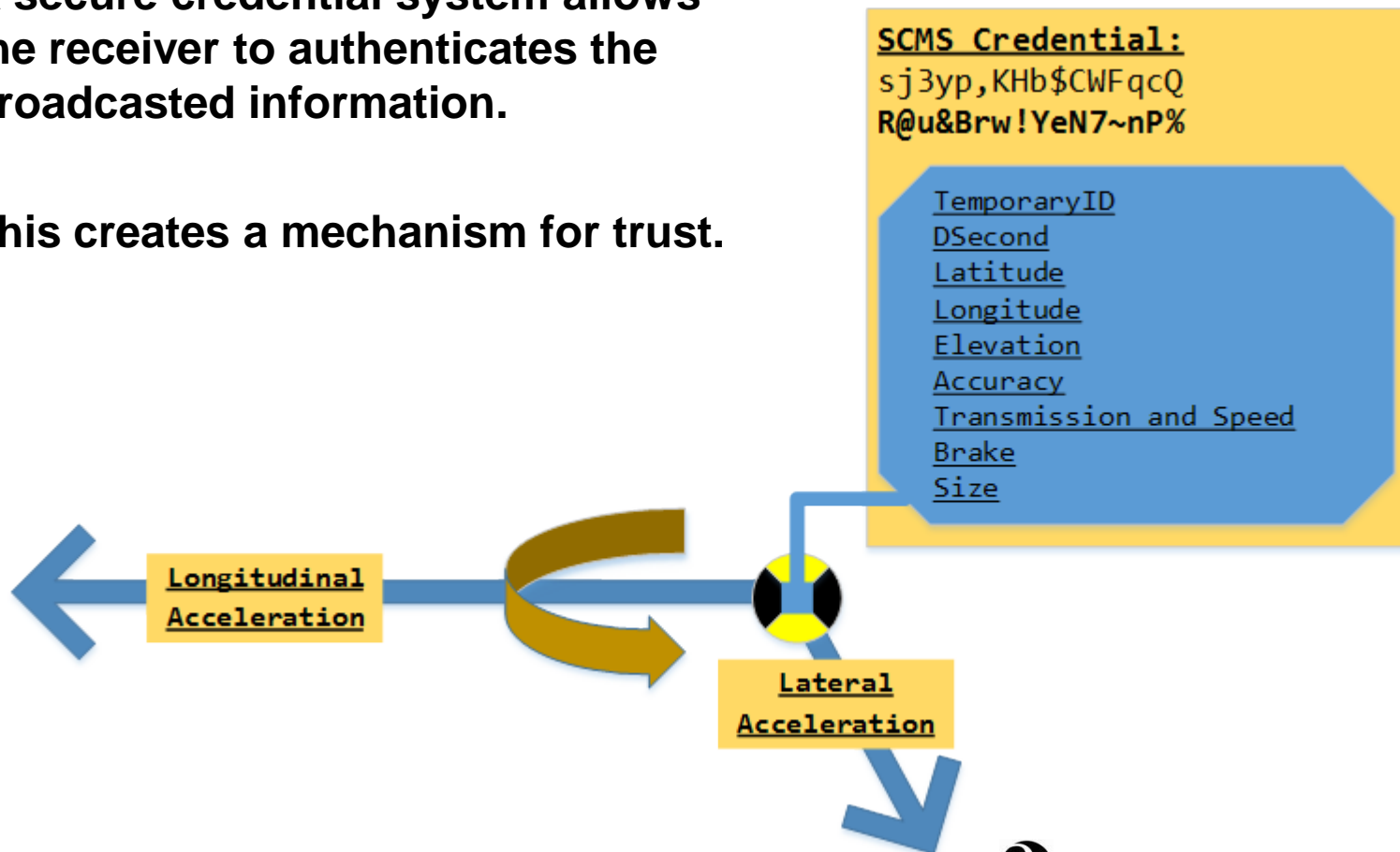
**No Personally Identifiable Information is broadcasted, but there is little to no trust in the information**



# TRUSTED, BUT...



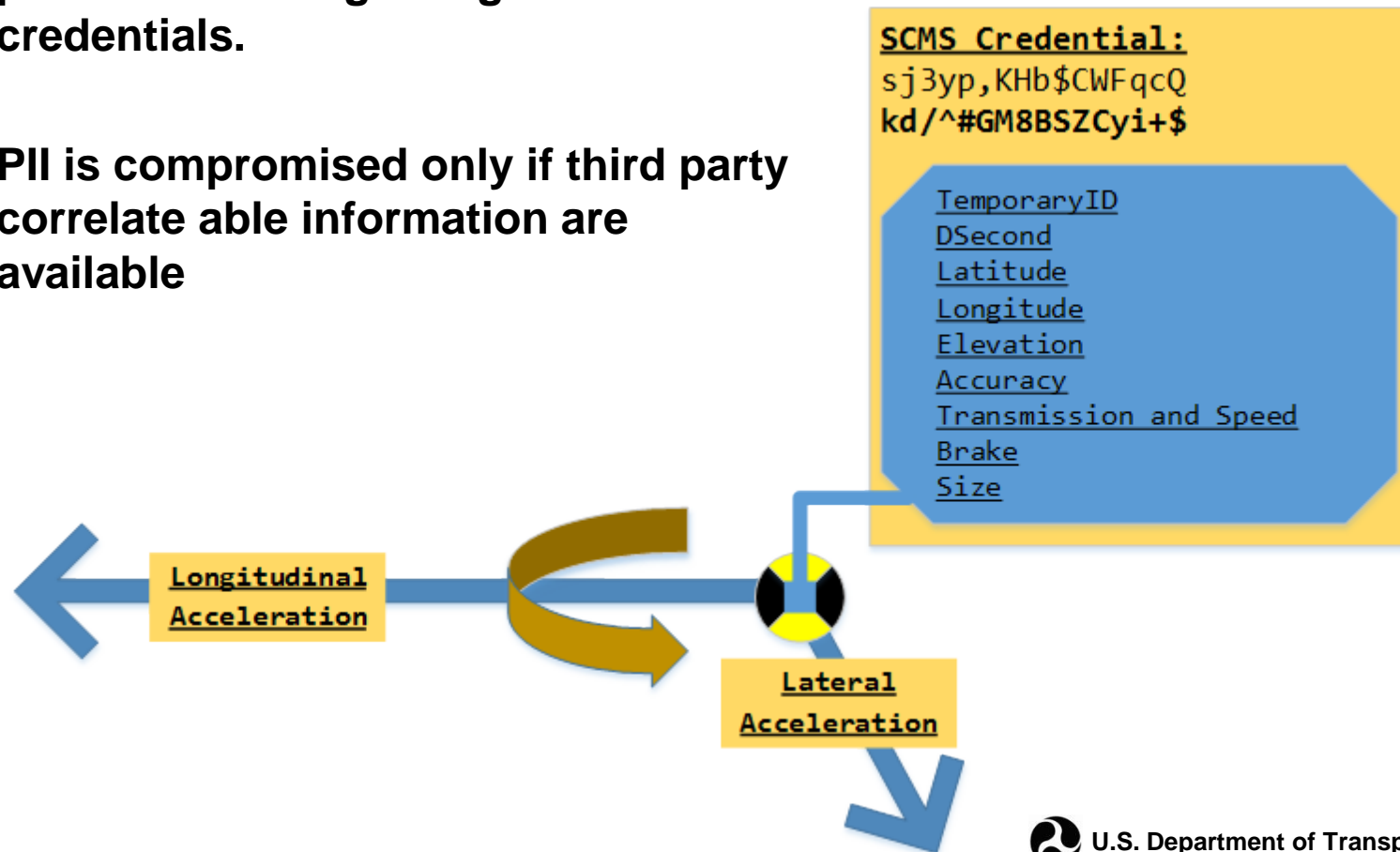
- A secure credential system allows the receiver to authenticate the broadcasted information.
- This creates a mechanism for trust.



# TRUSTED WITH IMPROVED PRIVACY



- Time based expiration of credential prevents tracking using the credentials.
- PII is compromised only if third party correlate able information are available



# PROBE DATA PRIVACY



- **Information used to improve regional mobility**
- **Information used to measure environmental impact and conditions**
- **Characteristics of probe data**
  - Event triggers base reporting – state changes that can indicate changes in roadway conditions
  - Start from a stop event based reporting
  - Time and speed based reporting between Roadside Unit



# PROBE DATA PROTECTION



- **Experiment with vehicle data from Safety Pilot Model Deployment**
  
- **Results are begin analyzed for:**
  - Maximize usefulness of data while preventing release of PII.
  - Better understand vulnerabilities
  
- **Samples available**
  - <https://www.its-rde.net>
  - Most recent update – January 19, 2016
  - Two months of data from Safety Pilot Model Deployment



# FOR MORE INFORMATION



## **Connected Vehicle Program Privacy Officers:**

- Dale Thompson: [Dale.Thompson@dot.gov](mailto:Dale.Thompson@dot.gov)
- Claire Barrett: [Claire.Barrett@dot.gov](mailto:Claire.Barrett@dot.gov)
- Suzanne Sloan: [Suzanne.Sloan@dot.gov](mailto:Suzanne.Sloan@dot.gov)



# STAKEHOLDER Q&A



- Please keep your phone muted
- Please use chatbox to ask questions
- Questions will be answered in the order in which they were received
- This Q&A section will not be recorded, nor posted to the website



# STAY CONNECTED



## Contact for CV Pilots Program:

Kate Hartman, Program Manager

[Kate.hartman@dot.gov](mailto:Kate.hartman@dot.gov)

## Join us for the *Getting Ready for Deployment Series*

- Discover more about the 2015 CV Pilot Sites
- Learn the Essential Steps to CV Deployment
- Engage in Technical Discussion



**Website:** <http://www.its.dot.gov/pilots>

**Twitter:** [@ITSJPODirector](https://twitter.com/ITSJPODirector)

**Facebook:**

<https://www.facebook.com/DOTRITA>

## February 2016 Webinars

### Technical Assistance Webinars

- [2/1/2016, 11:00 – 12:30 pm EST](#)  
*Preparing a Privacy Concept for Connected Vehicle Deployments*
- [2/9/2016, 2:00 – 3:00 pm EST](#)  
*Preparing a Performance Measurement Plan for Connected Vehicle Deployments*
- [2/10/2016, 2:30 – 4:00 pm EST](#)  
*SCMS Proof-of-Concept Interface Requirements for Connected Vehicle Deployments*

### Public ConOps Webinars

- [2/5/2016, 1:00 – 2:00 pm EST](#): ICF/Wyoming
- [2/8/2016, 2:00 – 3:00 pm EST](#): Tampa (THEA)

Please visit the CV pilots website for the recording and the briefing material of the previous webinars.

